

How to use these slides to help your child:

- 1. Recall:** Help your child to read what the question is and then leave them to try and answer the question by themselves. Recall is helpful to find out what your child already knows/ can already do so you know how much support to give them.
- 2. Learning objective:** Read the learning objective together and discuss the learning habits you might need to use throughout. (discipline, resilience, imagination, collaboration, curiosity).
- 3. Guided practice:** These are problems that should be done together. Guide the children to help them to find answers by showing them the most effective way to work things out. Perhaps show them how to work the first one out, work the second one out together and finally let your child work the last guided practice question out. If they get stuck, go back to the first one and work it out together again.

4. Intelligent practice: These are worksheet questions that the children should be able to work out by themselves after going through the guided practice. If they need support or a reminder or how to do it then that's absolutely fine but try not to just give them the answers. Remember- mistakes are good because we learn from them.

5. Dive deeper: This is a question that might be more open ended. It might require an explanation of how they know they are correct. This could be done by proving their answer through showing their working out. Read this question with your child and talk about how best to answer it.

6. Answers: Its really important to go through the answers with your child. Give them a pen and let them tick their answers. If they get an answer wrong, now is the opportunity to look at the correct answer and identify together where they went wrong and how to fix it.

Recall

Which coins go in the empty boxes?



Draw a line from the correct coin to the empty box.



a)



least

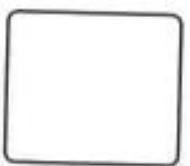
c)



least

greatest

b)



124

least

greatest

I wonder if there is more than one coin that could go into any of the empty boxes?



What are we learning?

L.O. To recognize the value of coins and notes

How will we learn it?

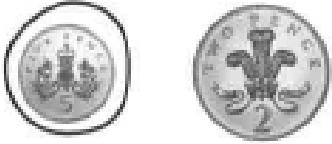
We will use knowledge of money to compare and add amounts

Learning habits: Resilience and discipline.

Guided practice

Circle coins and fill the gaps to complete the table.



	5 pence	Greater than 2 pence
	20 pence	Less than _____
	<input type="text"/> pence	Greater than _____
	<input type="text"/> pence	Less than 20 pence

Guided practice

Use <, > or = to complete the sentences.

a)



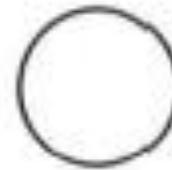
10 pounds

b)

50 pounds



c)



Guided practice

Charlie has put the notes in order from greatest value to least value.

Circle the one in the wrong place.



Explain why is wrong.

Guided practice

Lucy has 6 silver coins.

Pavel has 3 silver coins.

They have the same amount of money.

Which coins do they have?



I wonder
which coins
are silver. I will
look at some
real coins!



Intelligent practice



Circle all the real notes



Use <, > or = to complete each number sentence.

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)



Use 1 pence coins, 2 pence coins, 5 pence coins and 10 pence coins.

Using one type of coin each time, how many ways can you make 20 pence?



Intelligent practice

Answers



Circle all the real notes



Answers



Use <, > or = to complete each number sentence.

a)



b)



c)



d)



Use 1 pence coins, 2 pence coins, 5 pence coins and 10 pence coins.

Using one type of coin each time, how many ways can you make 20 pence?



$$20 \times 1p = 20p$$

$$10 \times 2p = 20p$$

$$4 \times 5p = 20p$$

$$2 \times 10p = 20p$$

$$1 \times 20p = 20p$$

Dive Deeper 1

Jack has a wallet with only  coins in it.
He says he has 9 pence altogether.
Is Jack correct?

Dive Deeper 1

Answers

Jack has a wallet with only  coins in it.

He says he has 9 pence altogether.

Is Jack correct?

Jack is not correct because if you count in 2s, he can only have an even number so he can have 8 or 10 pounds but not 9

Dive Deeper 2

Kira has 2 silver coins.

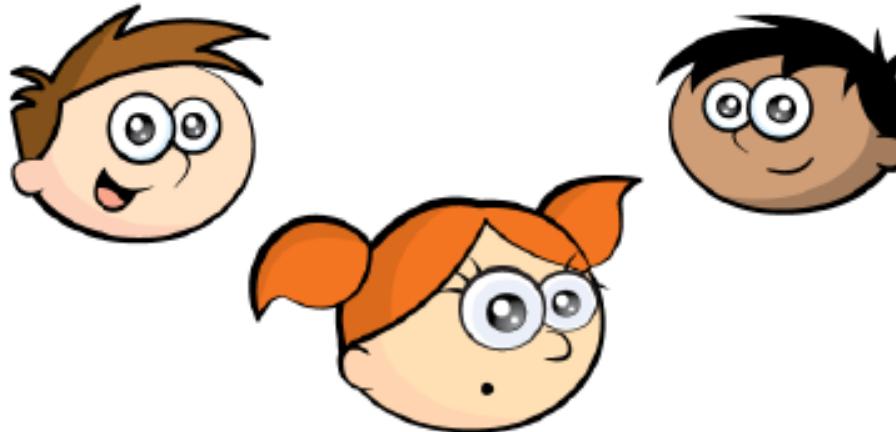
Harland has 5 bronze coins.

Ted has 1 silver coins.

They all have the same amount of money.

Which coins do they each have?

Draw the coins to prove it.



Dive Deeper 2

Kira has 2 silver coins.

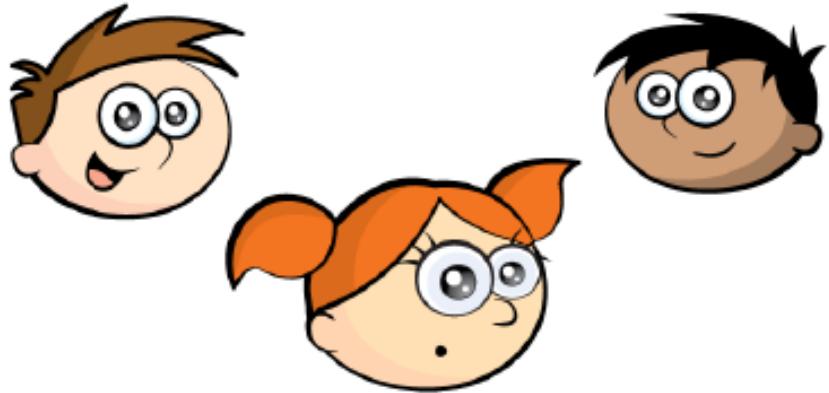
Harland has 5 bronze coins.

Ted has 1 silver coin.

They all have the same amount of money.

Which coins do they each have?

Draw the coins to prove it.



Answers

Kira has two 5 pence coins.

Harland has five 2 pence coins.

Ted has one 10 pence coin.

They all have 10 p.